

IRISH DRAUGHT HORSE SOCIETY OF NORTH AMERICA IRISH DRAUGHT X-RAYS

Instructions to Owner:

Every purebred stallion presented for inspection must have an official set of x-rays which have been *approved by the IDHSNA designated veterinarian*. The report must be received from the IDHSNA designated veterinarian by the IDHSNA Registrar postmarked no later than August 1st of the inspection year. X-rays may be taken at any time after January 1 of the stallion's 3-year-old year for use at any age. The xrays must be officially evaluated within one year of when they were taken. Stallion owners should have their veterinarian submit x-rays to the IDHSNA designated veterinarian no later than early July of the year in which the horse will be presented for inspection

Owners should present IDHSNA registration documents to veterinarian for identification.

A total of 20 digital x-rays (also called radiographs) are required and the list of views follows. The stallion will need to be unshod to complete all views.

Please have your veterinairan forward x-rays, along with the completed x- ray form to Dr. Brendan Furlong: images@bwfurlong.com with the subject line: IDHSNA Inspection x-rays for review by Dr. B.W. Furlong

Payment is made to B W Furlong & Associates by the owner for both the official review and the prereading (see below). You will receive results from the official reading from the IDHSNA registrar.

Optional Pre-Reading: Stallion owners *may* opt to have a pre-reading of the x-rays, prior to and separate from the official reading utilizing Dr. Furlong. Contact Dr. Furlong's office directly to inquire about current costs (paid directly to the veterinary practice) and submission. Only the stallion owner will receive the results for the pre-reading of x-rays. The pre-reading is independent of the IDHSNA process, and *is not required*.

Instructions to Veterinarian:

A total of 20 digital x-rays are required. Please see the list following.

Please verify the identity of the presented stallion using the IDHSNA registration documents provided by owner.

Also complete the form (page 3) on horse use and any other observations.

Documents and x-rays should be sent directly from the veterinary office to ensure validity. Documents may be scanned and emailed.

IDHSNA's designated veterinarian for reading x-rays is:

Dr. Brendan Furlong B.W. Furlong & Associates 101 Homestead Road Califon, NJ 07830 or PO Box 16 Oldwick, NJ 08858 908-439-2821

Email to: images@bwfurlong.com with the subject line: IDHSNA Inspection xrays for review by Dr. B.W. Furlong

Contact the IDHSNA registrar if you have any question regarding x-rays including where they should be sent.

Allison DeLong Cell: (406) 540-2199 Email: IDHSNA@hotmail.com



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IRISH DRAUGHT X-RAYS

RADIOGRAPHS

Radiographs must be **identified with the stallion name as registered with the IDHSNA, date of x-ray**, and must identify **left or right limb**. Phalanges must be labelled **fore or hind**. The projections/views must be accurate. The definition of bones, joints and soft tissue outlines should be clearly visible. In cases where the quality of x-rays is deemed to be unsatisfactory, a new set or partial set of x-rays will be required at the owner's expense.

Note to Veterinarian Taking X-Rays: The IDHSNA's designated veterinarian will be solely responsible for interpreting the x-rays.

<u>A. RIGHT FORE:</u> (shoe removed)	<u>C. RIGHT STIFLE</u>	
1. Lateromedial views of the front foot and pastern- Both	11. Lateromedial views including the patella, femoral trochlear	
front feet should be on foot blocks. Taken from lateral to medial	ridges and femoral condyles - Center in the femorotibial joint	
centering on the coronary band.	about 10 cm caudal to the leg. Collimate tightly around the stifle.	
2. Lateromedial view of the fetlock - Taken from lateral to	D. LEFT STIFLE	
medial centering on the fetlock.	12. Lateromedial views including the patella, femoral	
3. Dorsopalmar view of the front foot - Foot on block and	trochlear ridges and femoral condyles - Center on the femorotibial	
centering beam on the hoof.	joint about 10 cm caudal to the leg. Collimate tightly around the stifle.	
4. Dorsopalmar view of fetlock and pastern - Angle the	E. RIGHT HOCK	
machine down approximately 15 degrees. Center on the fetlock	13. Lateromedial - Taken from lateral to medial, centered on	
joint space.	the lower hock joints.	
5. Dorsopalmar projection with the toe of the foot in a	14. Dorsolateral plantaraomedial oblique - Taken from	
foot block (dorsoproximal - palmarodistal oblique or Oxspring	lateral front to medial back. Centered on lower hock joints.	
view). The navicular bone must be displayed in the distal half of the	15. Dorsomedial plantar lateral oblique - Taken from the	
middle phalanx and should not overlap the joint space of the coffin	inside front to the outside back, centered on the lower hock joints.	
- Take with the horse pointing its toe down so that the sole lies on	F. LEFT HOCK	
the cassette. This view is taken from front to back with the beam	16. Lateromedial - Taken from lateral to medial, centered on	
centered on the coronary band. The central andcollateral sulci of	the lower hock joints.	
the hoof should be packed.	17. Dorsolateral plantaraomedial oblique - Taken from	
B. LEFT FORE: (shoe removed)	lateral front to medial back. Centered on lower hock joints	
6. Lateromedial views of the front foot and pastern- Both	18. Dorsomedial plantar lateral oblique - Taken from the	
front feet should be on thefoot blocks. Taken from lateral to	inside front to the outside back, centered on the lower hock joints.	
medial centering on the coronary band.	G. RIGHT HIND FOOT	
 Lateromedial view of the fetlock - Taken from lateral to 	19. Lateromedial (LM) including fetlock pastern and coffin	
medial centering on the fetlock.	joints and the distal phalanx - Center on the center of the pastern	
 B. Dorsopalmar view of the front foot - Foot on block and 	bone. Collimate dorso-proximally to include the distal phalanx and	
center in the middle of the hoof.	fetlock joint.	
	H. LEFT HIND FOOT	
9. Dorsopalmar view of fetlock and pastern - Angle the	20. Lateromedial (LM) including fetlock pastern and coffin	
machine down approximately 15 degrees. Center on the fetlock	joints and the distal phalanx - Center on the center of the pastern	
joint space.	bone. Collimate dorso-proximally to Include the distal phalanx and	
10. Dorsopalmar projection with the toe of the foot in a	fetlock joint.	
foot block (dorsoproximal - palmarodistal oblique or Oxspring		
view). The navicular bone must be displayed in the distal half of the		
middle phalanx and should not overlap the joint space of the coffin		
- Take with the horse pointing its toe down so that the sole lies on		
the cassette. This view is taken from front to back with the beam		
centered on the coronary band. The central and collateral sulci of		
the hoof should be packed.		



Name of Owner:	
Registered Name of Stallion:	
Stallion Date of Birth:	
Brief History of Use:	
Other Observations:	
I hereby certify that I have this day taken radiographs of the above- IDHSNA issued registration documents.	described stallion and identified him from his
Name (print):	Stamp
Signature:	
Date:	

NOTE: You should have received a 3 page package. If you do not have 3 numbered pages do not proceed. The packet contains 2 pages of information including a list of the 20 views required and this form.